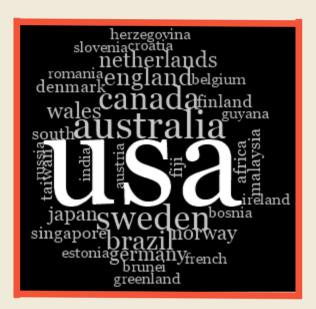
TOO DIVERSE?

ETHNIC MINORITIES SHOULD NOT BE **COMBINED INTO A SINGLE GROUP WHEN REPORTING SUICIDE RATES**

There is **mixed** evidence in relation to increased or decreased suicide rates in ethnic minorities

Most existing research doesn't distinguish between people of different ethnicities and instead include a single 'minority' group





We identified 128 studies from **31** countries reporting suicide rates in ethnic minorities

These studies included 6,026,103 suicide deaths in people from ethnic minorities

87.5% of studies were published in **High Income Countries**



was the estimated pooled suicide rate of individuals from ethnic minority backgrounds

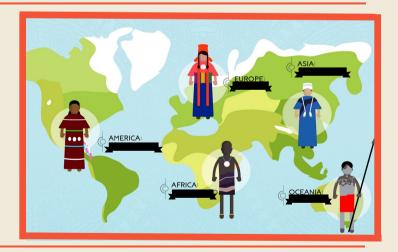


But these rates varied widely:

Indigenous populations were at

2.8

higher risk of suicide compared to non-indigenous populations



Overall, based on the nature of the data available, we identified no increased risk of suicide in ethnic minorities, however there were a wide range of suicide rates

Key Points

We need to stop combining different ethnic minority groups into one (e.g. BAME, BIPOC, etc)

- We need to improve the reporting of research on ethnic minorities: country of birth does not equate to ethnicity status nor does colour of skin
- Second generation migrants are not migrants but their descendent status is important and distinct



Troya, M.I., Spittal, M.J., Pendrous, R., Crowley, G., Gorton, H.C., Russell, K., Byrne, S., Musgrove, R., Hannah-Swain, S., Kapur, N. and Knipe, D., 2022. Suicide rates amongst individuals from ethnic minority backgrounds: A systematic review and meta-analysis. eClinicalMedicine, 47, p.101399.